**Unit 4: DNA, Protein Synthesis and DNA Technology**

**Unit 4 References: Textbook Ch. 11 & 13**

**Quiz Dates: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Test Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**A: Nucleic Acid Structure**

1. Using the references listed above, define the following terms in **your own words** a. DNA
 b. RNA
 c. Nitrogenous Base
 d. Double helix
 e. Hydrogen bond
 f. Phosphate
 g. Pentose sugar
 h. Nucleotide

2. Fill in the following Venn Diagram to compare and contrast DNA and RNA:



RNA

DNA

3. List the 4 Nitrogenous bases in DNA and state the complimentary base pairing rule:
 a. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which is abbreviated \_\_
 b. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which is abbreviated \_\_
 c. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which is abbreviated \_\_
 d \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which is abbreviated \_\_

The complimentary base pairing rule states that \_\_\_ always bonds with \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ always bonds with \_\_\_ in DNA. It's the same with RNA except that the base \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ replaces \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so that \_\_\_ bonds with \_\_\_.

4. Which are stronger, hydrogen bonds or covalent bonds? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. Draw a DNA nucleotide in the space below and identify where covalent bonds are and where a hydrogen bond would form:

**B: Replication**

1. **In your own words using less than 5 words,** define **Replication.**

Replication is a process that's not part of DNA's everyday function. Instead, it's only used in preparation for 1 important cell process that we've learned about. What is that process? ­­­­­­­­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Play the simulations and animations on Replication at:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dKubyIRiN84>

<http://highered.mheducation.com/sites/0072943696/student_view0/chapter3/animation__dna_replication__quiz_1_.html>

 **Sketch** and describe a replication fork. Why is "fork" an appropriate name?

3. What biochemicals support the process of replication by doing things like untwisting/re-twisting DNA, positioning new nucleotides, proofreading the new strand, etc?

4. Replication is said to be a **semi-conservative** process. What does that mean? (Hint: think about what it means to conserve something. What's being conserved during replication?)

5. Once DNA is replicated, does it stay in the nucleus or leave? Why?

**C. Protein Synthesis**

1. **In your own words using less than 7 words,** define **transcription.**

2. Fill out the Venn diagram below to compare and contrast replication and transcription:



Transcription

Replication

3. **In your own words using less than 7 words**, define **Translation**

4. Protein Synthesis is a two-step process. To see the steps, work through the simulation at: http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/molecules/transcribe/

Once you've seen the steps, fill in the chart below for these steps:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Step of Protein Synthesis** | **Nucleic Acid(s) Involvved** | **Location of the Step (in the cell)** | **Product (s) of the Step** | **The Point of Taking the Step** |
| 1. Transcription |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Translation |  |  |  |  |

5. Define the following terms in your own words:
 a. Codon
 b. Anticodon
 c. mRNA
 d. tRNA
 e. rRNA
 f. Mutation

**D. DNA Technology**

1.Define the following terms in your own words:
 a. restriction enzyme
 b. plasmid
 c. genetic engineering
 d. transgenic organism
 e. genome

2. We'll go over how Gel electrophoresis works in class. However, watch the prezi at [http://prezi.com/lsjwxwdd5fnp/?utm\_campaign=share&utm\_medium=copy&rc=ex0share and describe](http://prezi.com/lsjwxwdd5fnp/?utm_campaign=share&utm_medium=copy&rc=ex0share%20and%20describe%20) 3 uses of gel electrophoresis in biotechnology:

 a.

 b.

 c.

3. Watch the first 10:35 minutes of the video at [http://www.knowmia.com/watch/lesson/37542](http://www.knowmia.com/watch/lesson/37542%20) and answer the following:

 a. what is recombinant DNA?

 b. List and describe the uses of recombinant DNA technology:

4. Watch the video at: https[://animoto.com/play/0aitkUH3lLuvxpA1gGKqoA](https://animoto.com/play/0aitkUH3lLuvxpA1gGKqoA)

 a. What is the connection between cloning and stem cells?

 b. Fill out the chart below

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Type of Cloning | Natural or Done in a Lab? | Purpose? |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

5. Watch the video at <https://animoto.com/play/mwIgOx9VdgJnyXyP0WQXcA> and describe the connection between the HGP and gene therapy.